

Statement by members of the council

Pursuant to s 41C(1B) *Public Finance and Audit Act 1983*, and in accordance with the resolution of the members of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Practice Council of New South Wales, we declare on behalf of the Council that in our opinion:

- 1. The accompanying financial statements exhibit a true and fair view of the financial position of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Practice Council of New South Wales as at 30 June 2017 and financial performance for the year then ended.
- 2. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of applicable Australian Accounting Standards, Accounting Interpretations, the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1983*, the *Public Finance and Audit Regulation 2015*, and the Financial Reporting Directions issued by NSW Treasurer.

Further, we are not aware of any circumstances which would render any particulars included in the financial statements to be misleading or inaccurate.

Ms Lisa Penrith President

Date: 13 October 2017

Sparith

Ms Rosemary MacDougal

Gadogal

Deputy President

Date: 13 October 2017



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Practice Council of New South Wales

To Members of the New South Wales Parliament

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Practice Council of New South Wales (the Council), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2017, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In my opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Council as at 30 June 2017, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards
- are in accordance with section 41B of the Public Finance and Audit Act 1983 (PF&A Act) and the Public Finance and Audit Regulation 2015.

My opinion should be read in conjunction with the rest of this report.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under the standards are described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements' section of my report.

I am independent of the Council in accordance with the requirements of the:

- · Australian Auditing Standards
- Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 'Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants' (APES 110).

I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with APES 110.

Parliament promotes independence by ensuring the Auditor-General and the Audit Office of New South Wales are not compromised in their roles by:

- providing that only Parliament, and not the executive government, can remove an Auditor-General
- mandating the Auditor-General as auditor of public sector agencies
- precluding the Auditor-General from providing non-audit services.

I believe the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

The Council's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The members of the Council are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the PF&A, and for such internal control as the members of the Council determine is necessary to enable the preparation and fair

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presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error

In preparing the financial statements, the members of the Council must assess the Council's ability to continue as a going concern except where the Council will be dissolved by an Act of Parliament or otherwise cease operations. The assessment must disclose, as applicable, matters related to going concern and the appropriateness of using the going concern basis of accounting.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to:

- obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error
- · issue an Independent Auditor's Report including my opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect material misstatements. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions users take based on the financial statements.

A description of my responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: www.auasb.gov.au/auditors responsibilities/ar4.pdf. The description forms part of my auditor's report.

My opinion does *not* provide assurance:

- · that the Council carried out its activities effectively, efficiently and economically
- about the security and controls over the electronic publication of the audited financial statements on any website where they may be presented
- about any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the financial statements.

Somaiya Ahmed

A/Director, Financial Audit Services

17 October 2017 SYDNEY

Statement of Comprehensive Income

for the Year Ended 30 June 2017

		2017	2016
	Notes	\$	\$
EXPENSES EXCLUDING LOSSES			
Operating expenses			
Personnel services	2(a)	(15,099)	(17,190)
Other operating expenses	2(b)	(7,232)	(6,296)
Depreciation and amortisation	2(c)	(209)	(474)
Finance costs	2(d)	(14)	(10)
Other expenses	2(e)	(3,210)	(2,665)
Total Expenses Excluding Losses		(25,764)	(26,635)
REVENUE			
Registration fees		3,366	3,875
Grants and Contributions	1(n)	25,000	26,000
Interest revenue	4(a)	384	422
Other revenue	4(b)	60	629
Total Revenue		28,810	30,926
Net Result	_	3,045	4,291
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total Comprehensive Income		3,045	4,291

Part 3: Financial Statements

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Practice Council of New South Wales

Statement of Financial Position

as at 30 June 2017

Notes \$			2017	2016
Current Assets 5 37,943 39,757 Receivables 6 768 3,058 Total Current Assets 38,711 42,815 Non-Current Assets Plant and equipment 8 7 194 Leasehold improvements 49 194 Motor vehicles 25 34 Furniture and fittings 5 5 Office equipment 7 108 241 Intangible assets 8 - 7 Total Non-Current Assets 108 248 Total Assets 8 - 7 LIABILITIES 38,818 43,003 LIABILITIES 2 4,479 12,719 Fees in advance 9 4,479 12,719 Fees in advance 10 1,865 999 Provisions 11 - 1,051 Total Current Liabilities 6,344 14,769 Non-Current Liabilities 1,134 - Provisions		Notes	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents 5 37,943 39,757 Receivables 6 768 3,058 Total Current Assets 38,711 42,815 Non-Current Assets Plant and equipment Leasehold improvements 49 194 Motor vehicles 25 34 Furniture and fittings 5 5 Office equipment 7 108 24 Intangible assets 8 - 7 Total Non-Current Assets 8 - 7 Total Assets 8 - 7 Total Assets 8 - 7 Total Assets 8 - - Total Assets 9 4,479 12,719 Pess in advance 9 4,479 12,719 Pess in advance 9 4,479 1,714 - Total Current Liabilities 6,344 14,769 Non-Current Liabilities 11 1,134 - Provisions <t< th=""><th>ASSETS</th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>	ASSETS			
Receivables 6 768 3,058 Total Current Assets 38,711 42,815 Non-Current Assets 49 194 Plant and equipment 49 194 Motor vehicles 25 34 Furniture and fittings 5 5 Office equipment 7 108 241 Intangible assets 8 2 7 Total Non-Current Assets 8 2 7 Total Assets 8 2 7 Total Assets 8 4,06 7 Total Assets 9 4,479 12,719 Fees in advance 10 1,865 999 Provisions 11 - 1,051 Total Current Liabilities 9 4,479 1,134 - Non-Current Liabilities 11 1,134 - Provisions 11 1,134 - Provisions 11 1,134 - Total Liabilities 1,134 </td <td>Current Assets</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Current Assets			
Non-Current Assets 38,711 42,815 Plant and equipment 49 194 Leasehold improvements 49 194 Motor vehicles 25 34 Furniture and fittings 5 5 Office equipment 7 108 241 Intangible assets 8 - 7 Total Non-Current Assets 108 248 Total Assets 38,818 43,063 LIABILITIES 2 44,779 12,719 Fees in advance 9 4,479 12,719 Fees in advance 10 1,865 979 Provisions 11 - 1,051 Total Current Liabilities 4,344 14,769 Non-Current Liabilities 11 1,134 - Provisions 11 1,134 - Total Non-Current Liabilities 1,134 - Provisions 11 1,134 - Total Liabilities 7,478 14,769	Cash and cash equivalents	5	37,943	39,757
Non-Current Assets Plant and equipment Leasehold improvements 49 194 Motor vehicles 25 34 Furniture and fittings 5 5 Office equipment 34 8 Total Plant and equipment 7 108 241 Intangible assets 8 - 7 Total Non-Current Assets 108 248 Total Assets 38,818 43,063 Current Liabilities 9 4,479 12,719 Fees in advance 10 1,865 99 Provisions 11 - 1,051 Total Current Liabilities 6,344 14,769 Non-Current Liabilities 1,134 - Provisions 11 1,134 - Total Non-Current Liabilities 7,478 14,769 Net Assets 31,341 28,293 EQUITY Accumulated funds 31,339 28,294	Receivables	6	768	3,058
Plant and equipment 49 194 Motor vehicles 25 34 Furniture and fittings - 5 Office equipment 34 8 Total Plant and equipment 7 108 241 Intangible assets 8 - 7 Total Non-Current Assets 108 248 Total Assets 38,818 43,063 ELIABILITIES Current Liabilities VA79 12,719 Fees in advance 10 1,865 999 Provisions 11 - 1,051 Total Current Liabilities 6,344 14,769 Non-Current Liabilities 1,134 - Provisions 11 1,134 - Total Non-Current Liabilities 1,134 - Provisions 11 1,134 - Total Non-Current Liabilities 7,478 14,769 Net Assets 31,341 28,293	Total Current Assets	_	38,711	42,815
Leasehold improvements 49 194 Motor vehicles 25 34 Furniture and fittings - 5 Office equipment 34 8 Total Plant and equipment 7 108 241 Intangible assets 8 - 7 Total Non-Current Assets 108 248 Total Assets 38,818 43,063 Current Liabilities Payables 9 4,479 12,719 Fees in advance 10 1,865 999 Provisions 11 - 1,051 Total Current Liabilities 6,344 14,769 Non-Current Liabilities 1,134 - Provisions 11 1,134 - Total Non-Current Liabilities 1,134 - Total Non-Current Liabilities 7,478 14,769 Net Assets 31,341 28,293 EQUITY Accumulated funds 31,339 28,294	Non-Current Assets			
Motor vehicles 25 34 Furniture and fittings - 5 Office equipment 34 8 Total Plant and equipment 7 108 241 Intangible assets 8 - 7 Total Non-Current Assets 108 248 Total Assets 38,818 43,063 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Payables 9 4,479 12,719 Fees in advance 10 1,865 99 Provisions 11 - 1,051 Total Current Liabilities 6,344 14,769 Non-Current Liabilities 11 1,134 - Total Non-Current Liabilities 1,134 - Total Liabilities 7,478 14,769 Net Assets 31,341 28,293 EQUITY Accumulated funds 31,339 28,294	Plant and equipment			
Furniture and fittings - 5 Office equipment 34 8 Total Plant and equipment 7 108 241 Intangible assets 8 - 7 Total Non-Current Assets 108 248 Total Assets 38,818 43,063 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities 9 4,479 12,719 Fees in advance 10 1,865 99 Provisions 11 - 1,051 Total Current Liabilities 6,344 14,769 Non-Current Liabilities 11 1,134 - Total Non-Current Liabilities 1,134 - Total Liabilities 7,478 14,769 Net Assets 31,341 28,293 EQUITY Accumulated funds 31,339 28,294	Leasehold improvements		49	194
Office equipment 34 8 Total Plant and equipment 7 108 241 Intangible assets 8 - 7 Total Non-Current Assets 108 248 Total Assets 38,818 43,063 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Payables 9 4,479 12,719 Fees in advance 10 1,865 999 Provisions 11 - 1,051 Total Current Liabilities 6,344 14,769 Non-Current Liabilities 11,134 - Total Non-Current Liabilities 1,134 - Total Liabilities 7,478 14,769 Net Assets 31,341 28,293 EQUITY Accumulated funds 31,339 28,294	Motor vehicles		25	34
Total Plant and equipment 7 108 241 Intangible assets 8 - 7 Total Non-Current Assets 108 248 Total Assets 38,818 43,063 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Payables 9 4,479 12,719 Fees in advance 10 1,865 999 Provisions 11 - 1,051 Total Current Liabilities 6,344 14,769 Non-Current Liabilities 1,134 - Total Non-Current Liabilities 1,134 - Total Liabilities 7,478 14,769 Net Assets 31,341 28,293 EQUITY Accumulated funds 31,339 28,294	Furniture and fittings		-	5
Intangible assets 8 - 7 Total Non-Current Assets 108 248 Total Assets 38,818 43,063 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Payables 9 4,479 12,719 Fees in advance 10 1,865 999 Provisions 11 - 1,051 Total Current Liabilities 6,344 14,769 Non-Current Liabilities 1,134 - Total Non-Current Liabilities 1,134 - Total Liabilities 7,478 14,769 Net Assets 31,341 28,293 EQUITY Accumulated funds 31,339 28,294	Office equipment	_	34	8
Total Non-Current Assets 108 248 Total Assets 38,818 43,063 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Payables 9 4,479 12,719 Fees in advance 10 1,865 999 Provisions 11 - 1,051 Total Current Liabilities Provisions 11 1,134 - Total Non-Current Liabilities 1,134 - Total Liabilities 1,134 - Total Liabilities 7,478 14,769 Net Assets 31,341 28,293 EQUITY Accumulated funds 31,339 28,294	Total Plant and equipment	7	108	241
Total Assets 38,818 43,063 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Payables 9 4,479 12,719 Fees in advance 10 1,865 999 Provisions 11 - 1,051 Total Current Liabilities 6,344 14,769 Non-Current Liabilities 11 1,134 - Total Non-Current Liabilities 1,134 - Total Liabilities 7,478 14,769 Net Assets 31,341 28,293 EQUITY Accumulated funds 31,339 28,294	Intangible assets	8	-	7
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Payables 9 4,479 12,719 Fees in advance 10 1,865 999 Provisions 11 - 1,051 Total Current Liabilities 6,344 14,769 Non-Current Liabilities 11 1,134 - Total Non-Current Liabilities 1,134 - Total Liabilities 7,478 14,769 Net Assets 31,341 28,293 EQUITY Accumulated funds 31,339 28,294	Total Non-Current Assets	_	108	
Current Liabilities Payables 9 4,479 12,719 Fees in advance 10 1,865 999 Provisions 11 - 1,051 Total Current Liabilities 6,344 14,769 Non-Current Liabilities 11 1,134 - Total Non-Current Liabilities 1,134 - Total Liabilities 7,478 14,769 Net Assets 31,341 28,293 EQUITY Accumulated funds 31,339 28,294	Total Assets		38,818	43,063
Payables 9 4,479 12,719 Fees in advance 10 1,865 999 Provisions 11 - 1,051 Total Current Liabilities Provisions 11 1,134 - Total Non-Current Liabilities 1,134 - Total Liabilities 7,478 14,769 Net Assets 31,341 28,293 EQUITY Accumulated funds 31,339 28,294	LIABILITIES			
Fees in advance 10 1,865 999 Provisions 11 - 1,051 Total Current Liabilities 6,344 14,769 Non-Current Liabilities 11 1,134 - Total Non-Current Liabilities 1,134 - Total Liabilities 7,478 14,769 Net Assets 31,341 28,293 EQUITY Accumulated funds 31,339 28,294	Current Liabilities			
Provisions 11 - 1,051 Total Current Liabilities 6,344 14,769 Non-Current Liabilities 11 1,134 - Total Non-Current Liabilities 1,134 - Total Liabilities 7,478 14,769 Net Assets 31,341 28,293 EQUITY Accumulated funds 31,339 28,294	Payables	9	4,479	12,719
Non-Current Liabilities 6,344 14,769 Provisions 11 1,134 - Total Non-Current Liabilities 1,134 - Total Liabilities 7,478 14,769 Net Assets 31,341 28,293 EQUITY Accumulated funds 31,339 28,294	Fees in advance	10	1,865	999
Non-Current Liabilities Provisions 11 1,134 - Total Non-Current Liabilities 1,134 - Total Liabilities 7,478 14,769 Net Assets 31,341 28,293 EQUITY Accumulated funds 31,339 28,294	Provisions	11	-	1,051
Provisions 11 1,134 - Total Non-Current Liabilities 1,134 - Total Liabilities 7,478 14,769 Net Assets 31,341 28,293 EQUITY Accumulated funds 31,339 28,294	Total Current Liabilities	_	6,344	14,769
Total Non-Current Liabilities 1,134 - Total Liabilities 7,478 14,769 Net Assets 31,341 28,293 EQUITY Accumulated funds 31,339 28,294	Non-Current Liabilities			
Total Liabilities 7,478 14,769 Net Assets 31,341 28,293 EQUITY Accumulated funds 31,339 28,294	Provisions	11	1,134	-
Net Assets 31,341 28,293 EQUITY 28,294 Accumulated funds 31,339 28,294	Total Non-Current Liabilities	_	1,134	_
EQUITY Accumulated funds 31,339 28,294	Total Liabilities		7,478	14,769
Accumulated funds 28,294	Net Assets	_	31,341	28,293
	EQUITY			
Total Equity 31,339 28,294	Accumulated funds		31,339	28,294
	Total Equity		31,339	28,294

Statement of Changes in Equity

for the Year Ended 30 June 2017

	Notes	Accumulated Funds \$
Balance at 1 July 2016		28,295
Net result for the year Balance at 30 June 2017	-	3,045 31,340
Balance at 1 July 2015		24,003
Net result for the year Balance at 30 June 2016	-	4,291 28,295

Statement of Cash Flows

for the Year Ended 30 June 2017

		2017	2016
	Notes	\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Payments			
Personnel services		(16,541)	(14,120)
Audit fees		(2,830)	(2,760)
Occupancy costs		(1,853)	-
Temporary labour costs		(2,549)	-
Computer Services		(1,770)	-
Travel expenses		(17)	-
Other expenses	_	(8,160)	(193)
Total Payments	_	(33,722)	(17,073)
Receipts			
Receipts from registration fees		6,506	1,819
Interest received		377	273
Grants Contributions	1(n)	25,000	26,000
Other	_	60	
Total Receipts	_	31,943	28,092
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	15 _	(1,779)	11,019
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchases of plant and equipment and intangible assets		(36)	(114)
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities	_	(36)	(114)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Cash Flows From Financing Activities		_	_
Net Cash Flows from Financing Activities	_	_	
	_		
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash		(1,814)	10,905
Opening cash and cash equivalents		39,757	28,852
Closing Cash and Cash Equivalents	5 _	37,942	39,757

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Reporting Entity

The Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Practice Council of New South Wales (the Council) as a not-for-profit reporting entity with no cash generating units, performs the duties and functions contained in the *Health Practitioner Regulation National Law (NSW) No 86a* (the Law).

These financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017 have been authorised for issue by the Council on 13 October 2017.

b. Basis of Preparation

The Council has adopted the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements.

The Council's financial statements are general purpose financial statements and have been prepared in accordance with:

- applicable Australian Accounting Standards (which include Australian Accounting Interpretations) and
- the requirements of the Public Finance and Audit Act 1983 and Regulation.
- financial reporting directions mandated by the Treasurer

The financial statements have been prepared on the basis of historical cost.

Judgements, key assumptions and estimations management has made are disclosed in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

All amounts are rounded to the nearest dollar and are expressed in Australian currency.

c. Statement of Compliance

The financial statements and notes comply with Australian Accounting Standards, which include Australian Accounting Interpretations.

d. Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

The agreed cost sharing arrangements for the distribution of pooled costs between Health Professional Councils were introduced effective 1 July 2012 other than a revision to the allocation of indirect personnel services to Councils.

These indirect costs are shown as part of the Council's statement of comprehensive income and includes the following expense line items:

- 1. Personnel Services
- 2. Rent and building expenses
- 3. Contracted labour
- 4. Depreciation and Amortisation
- 5. Postage and Communication
- 6. Printing and Stationery

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

e. Insurance

The Council's insurance activities are conducted through the NSW Treasury Managed Fund Scheme of self-insurance for Government entities. The expense (premium) is determined by the Fund Manager based on past claim experience.

f. Accounting for the Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Income, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except that:

- the amount of GST incurred by the Council as a purchaser that is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of an asset or as part of an item of expense and
- receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. However, the GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office are classified as operating cash flows.

g. Income Recognition

Income is measured at the fair value of the consideration or contribution received or receivable.

The National Registration and Accreditation Scheme for all health professionals commenced on 1 July 2010. NSW opted out of the complaint handling component of the National scheme and ten health professional Councils were established in NSW effective from 1 July 2010, with further four Councils established on 1 July 2012 to manage the complaints function in a coregulatory arrangement with the NSW Health Care Complaints Commission.

Under Section 26A of the Law, the complaints element of the registration fees payable by NSW health practitioners was decided by the Council established for that profession subject to approval by the Minister for Health.

The Council, under the Law, receives fees on a monthly basis from the Australian Health Practitioner Regulation Agency (AHPRA) being the agreed NSW complaints element for the 2017 registration fee.

Fees are progressively recognised as income by the Council as the annual registration period elapses. Fees in advance represent unearned income at balance date.

h. Personnel Services

In accordance with an agreed Memorandum of Understanding, the Ministry of Health (MOH) being the employer charges the Council for personnel services relating to the provision of all employees. Staff costs are shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Income as personnel services in the financial statements of the Council. Amounts owing for personnel services in the Statement of Financial Position represent amounts payable to the MOH in respect of personnel services.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

i. Interest Revenue

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest method as set out in AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.

j. Assets

i. Acquisition of Assets

The cost method of accounting is used for the initial recording of all acquisitions of assets controlled by the Council. Cost is the amount of cash or cash equivalents paid or the fair value of the other consideration given to acquire the asset at the time of its acquisition or construction or, where applicable, the amount attributed to that asset when initially recognised in accordance with the requirements of other Australian Accounting Standards.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Where payment for an item is deferred beyond normal credit terms, its cost is the cash price equivalent, i.e. the deferred payment amount is effectively discounted at an asset-specific rate.

ii. Capitalisation Thresholds

The Health Professional Councils Authority (HPCA) acquires all assets on behalf of the Council. Shared use assets that cost over \$5,000 at the time of purchase by the HPCA are capitalised. These capitalised shared use assets are then allocated to the Council using an appropriate allocation method.

iii. Impairment of Plant and Equipment

As a not-for-profit entity with no cash generating units, AASB 136 Impairment of Assets effectively is not applicable. AASB 136 modifies the recoverable amount test to the higher of fair value less costs to sell and depreciated replacement cost. This means that, where an asset is already measured at fair value, impairment can only arise if selling costs are material. Selling costs for the entity are regarded as immaterial.

iv. Depreciation of Plant, Equipment and Leasehold Improvements

Depreciation and amortisation is provided for on a straight-line basis for all depreciable assets so as to write off the amounts of each asset as it is consumed over its useful life to the Council.

Depreciation and amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

Depreciation rates used are as follows:

	2016/17	2015/16
Plant and equipment	25%	25%
Furniture and fittings	-	20%
Motor vehicles	25%	25%
Leasehold improvements	7 61% - 20%	77% - 100%

v. Fair Value of Plant and Equipment

There has been no revaluation on any of the Council's plant and equipment as they are non-specialised assets. Non-specialised assets with short useful lives are measured at depreciated historical cost as a surrogate for fair value.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

vi. Maintenance

Day-to-day servicing costs or maintenance are charged as expenses as incurred, except where they relate to the replacement of a component of an asset, in which case the costs are capitalised and depreciated.

vii. Intangible Assets

The Council recognises intangible assets only if it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. Intangible assets are measured initially at cost. Where an asset is acquired at no or nominal cost, the cost is its fair value as at the date of acquisition.

All research costs are expensed. Development costs are only capitalised when certain criteria are met.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be finite.

Intangible assets are subsequently measured at fair value only if there is an active market. As there is no active market for the entity's intangible assets, the assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation.

The Council's intangible assets are amortised using the straight line method over a period of four years. In general, intangible assets are tested for impairment where an indicator of impairment exists. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to recoverable amount and the reduction is recognised as an impairment loss. However, as a not-for-profit entity with no cash generating units, the Council is effectively exempted from impairment testing.

viii. Receivables

Receivables are recognised initially at fair value, usually based on the transaction cost or face value. Subsequent measurement is at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less an allowance for any impairment of receivables. Short-term receivables with no stated interest rate are measured at the original invoice amount where the effect of discounting is immaterial. An allowance for impairment of receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Council will not be able to collect all amounts due. The amount of the allowance is the difference between the assets carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. Bad debts are written off as incurred.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

k. Liabilities

i. Trade and Other Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Council and other amounts. Payables are recognised initially at fair value, usually based on the transaction cost or face value. Short-term payables with no stated interest rates are measured at the original invoice amount where the effect of discounting is immaterial.

ii. Personnel Services - Ministry of Health

In accordance with an agreed Memorandum of Understanding, personnel services are acquired from the MOH. As such the MOH accounting policy is below.

Liabilities for salaries and wages (including non-monetary benefits), annual leave and paid sick leave that are due to be settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the service are recognised and measured in respect of employees' services up to the reporting date at undiscounted amounts based on the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

In accordance with NSWTC 15/09 'Accounting for Long Service Leave and Annual Leave', the Council's annual leave has been assessed as a short-term liability as these short-term benefits are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employee renders the related services.

Unused non-vesting sick leave does not give rise to a liability as it is not considered probable that sick leave taken in the future will be greater than the benefits accrued in the future.

The outstanding amounts of payroll tax, workers' compensation insurance premiums and fringe benefits tax, which are consequential to employment, are recognised as liabilities and expenses where the employee benefits to which they relate have been recognised.

All employees receive the Superannuation Guarantee Levy contribution. All superannuation benefits are provided on an accumulation basis – there are no defined benefits. Contributions are made by the entity to an employee superannuation fund and are charged as an expense when incurred.

iii. Provision for Make Good

Provisions include the Council's proportionate liability (allocated to the Council using an appropriate allocation method) of the estimated make good liability.

l. Equity / Accumulated Funds

The category 'Accumulated Funds' includes all current and prior period funds.

m. Comparative information

Except when an Australian Accounting Standard permits or requires otherwise, comparative information is disclosed in respect of the previous period for all amounts reported in the financial statements.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

n. Grants and contributions

A grant was received from the Ministry of Health during 2017 (\$25,000 for 2017/18 expenditures) which has been recorded as 'income' in the year of receipt. The grant is subject to the following conditions:

- i. The grant is for the purpose of contributing to the running costs of the Council.
- ii. If asked by the Ministry of Health, an account of the monies spent must be provided to the Ministry.

iii. If there are any unspent monies from the grant then, as soon as practicable after 1 July 2018, the HPCA is to advise the Ministry of Health (Legal Branch) who will then determine whether the unspent monies should be returned to the Ministry of Health or continue to be used for the purposes of running the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Practitioner Council.

o. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent assets in the statement of financial position would normally comprise cash on hand, cash at bank and short-term deposits and include deposits in the NSW Treasury Corporation's Hour-Glass cash facility, other Treasury Corporation deposits (less than 90 days) and other at-call deposits that are not quoted in the active market.

In accordance with TC 15-01, the Council transferred all 'at call' cash deposits to the Treasury Banking System on 2 September 2015. These funds are sitting in an interest bearing bank account earning the Reserve Bank of Australia (RBA) Cash Rate.

Bank overdrafts are included within liabilities.

p. Changes in accounting policy, including new or revised Australian Accounting Standards

(i) Effective for the first time in 2016 -17

The accounting policies applied in 2016-17 are consistent with those of the previous financial year except as a result of the following new or revised Australian Accounting Standards that have impacted in 2016-17 and have been applied for the first time as follows:

The following revised Australian Accounting Standards are effective for the first time in 2016-17, however they have no significant impact on the 2016-17 results:

- (1) AASB 2014-4 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Clarification of Acceptable methods of Depreciation and Amortisation
- (2) AASB 2015-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Disclosure Initiative: Amendments to AASB 101 (Presentation of Financial Statements)

AASB 2015-6, Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Extending Related Party Disclosures to Not-for-Profit Public Sector Entities extends the scope of AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures to include application by not-for-profit public sector entities. The application of this standard has resulted in increased disclosures in the financial statements relating to related party transactions and Key Management Personnel compensation.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

(ii) Issued but not yet effective

NSW public sector entities are not permitted to early adopt new Australian Accounting Standards, unless Treasury determines otherwise. The following new Australian Accounting Standards have not been applied and are not yet effective, this list is not exhaustive and excludes any standards which are not applicable to the Council. The possible impact of these Standards in the period of initial application includes:

AASB 9 Financial Instruments and AASB 2014-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 are applicable for reporting period on or after 1 January 2018. AASB 9 will replace AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement and establishes new principles for the financial reporting of financial assets, financial liabilities and hedge accounting. AASB 9 also introduces a forward-looking 'expected credit losses' impairment model, which may significantly impact the timing and amount of impairment recognition.

AASB 16 Leases applies to annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. The standard introduces a new approach to lease accounting that requires a lessee to recognise assets and liabilities for the rights and obligations created by leases. The application of this standard will likely have a significant transitional impact as all leases, except short term (< 12 months) and low value leases, brought on balance sheet.

AASB 2016-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Disclosure Initiative: Amendments to AASB 107 applies to annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017. The standard amends AASB 107 Statement of Cash Flows to require additional disclosures regarding financing activities in the Statement of Cash Flows. The change is not expected to materially impact the financial statements.

AASB 2016-8 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Australian Implementation Guidance for Not-for-Profit Entities. Amendments to AASB 9 requires the entity to apply initial measurement of non-contractual receivables arising from statutory obligations, which is not expected to materially impact the financial statements. Amendments to AASB 15 are not applicable to the Council.

AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities applies to not-for-profit entities and is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. This standard requires entities to recognise income where the consideration to acquire an asset, including cash, is significantly less than the fair value principally to enable the entity to further its objectives. Under this standard, the timing of income recognition may be impacted depending on whether there is a liability or other performance obligation associated with the acquired asset, including cash.

AASB 1058 also requires government agencies to recognise income for volunteer services received if the fair value of those services can be measured reliably and the services would have been purchased if they had not been donated. This is consistent with current practice under AASB 1004 Contributions and is not expected to materially impact the financial statements.

2. EXPENSES EXCLUDING LOSSES

Personnel services expenses are acquired from the MOH and comprise the following:	a.	Personnel Services Expenses		
Salaries and wages (including recreation leave) 13,094 14,685 14,68				
Salaries and wages (including recreation leave) 13,094 14,685 Superannuation 1,260 1,672 Payroll taxes 705 798 Workers compensation insurance 40 35 15,099 17,190			2017	2016
Superannuation 1,260 1,672 Payroll taxes 705 798 705 798 705 798 705			\$	\$
Payroll taxes 705 798 Workers compensation insurance 40 35 15,099 17,190 15,099 17,190 15,099 17,190 15,099 17,190 15,099 17,190 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		Salaries and wages (including recreation leave)	13,094	14,685
Workers compensation insurance 40 35 15,099 17,190 b. Other Operating Expenses 2017 2016 \$ \$ \$ Auditor's remuneration 2,830 2,760 Rent and building expenses 1,853 1,656 Contracted labour 2,549 1,880 Contracted labour 2,549 1,880 Contracted labour 2,549 1,880 Popreciation 2,017 2016 \$ \$ \$ Popreciation 9 1 Furniture and fittings 9 1 Office Equipment 8 2 Amortisation 192 467 Intangible assets - 3 Intangible assets - 3 Total Depreciation and Amortisation 209 474 d. Finance Costs 2017 2016 Unwinding of discount rate on make good provision 14 10		Superannuation	1,260	1,672
15,099 17,190 15,099 17,190 15,099 17,190 15,099 17,190 15,099 17,190 15,099 17,190 15,099 17,190 15,099 17,190 18,090 1		Payroll taxes	705	798
b. Other Operating Expenses 2017 2016 \$ \$ \$ Auditor's remuneration 2,830 2,760 Rent and building expenses 1,853 1,656 Contracted labour 2,549 1,880 7,232 6,296 c. Depreciation and Amortisation Expense 2017 2016 \$ \$ \$ Depreciation 9 1 Motor vehicles 9 1 Furniture and fittings - 1 Office Equipment 8 2 Amortisation 17 4 Leasehold improvement 192 467 Intangible assets - 3 Total Depreciation and Amortisation 209 474 d. Finance Costs 2017 2016 \$ \$ \$ Unwinding of discount rate on make good provision 14 10		Workers compensation insurance	40	35
Auditor's remuneration 2,830 2,760 Rent and building expenses 1,853 1,656 Contracted labour 2,549 1,880 7,232 6,296 C. Depreciation and Amortisation Expense 2017 2016 S \$ Depreciation Motor vehicles 9 1 Furniture and fittings - 1 Office Equipment 8 2 177 4 Amortisation Leasehold improvement 192 467 Intangible assets - 3 Intan		-	15,099	17,190
Auditor's remuneration 2,830 2,760 Rent and building expenses 1,853 1,656 Contracted labour 2,549 1,880 7,232 6,296 c. Depreciation and Amortisation Expense 2017 2016 \$ \$ Depreciation 9 1 Motor vehicles 9 1 Furniture and fittings - 1 Office Equipment 8 2 Amortisation 17 4 Leasehold improvement 192 467 Intangible assets - 3 192 470 Total Depreciation and Amortisation 209 474 d. Finance Costs 2017 2016 \$ \$ \$ Unwinding of discount rate on make good provision 14 10	b.	Other Operating Expenses	2017	2016
Auditor's remuneration 2,830 2,760 Rent and building expenses 1,853 1,656 Contracted labour 2,549 1,880 7,232 6,296 c. Depreciation and Amortisation Expense 2017 2016 \$ \$ \$ Depreciation 9 1 Motor vehicles 9 1 Furniture and fittings - 1 Office Equipment 8 2 Amortisation 192 467 Intangible assets - 3 Intangible assets - 3 Total Depreciation and Amortisation 209 474 d. Finance Costs 2017 2016 \$ \$ \$ Unwinding of discount rate on make good provision 14 10			\$	\$
Rent and building expenses 1,853 1,656 Contracted labour 2,549 1,880 7,232 6,296 c. Depreciation and Amortisation Expense 2017 2016 \$ \$ \$ Depreciation 9 1 Furniture and fittings 9 1 Office Equipment 8 2 Amortisation 8 2 Intangible assets 192 467 Intangible assets - 3 Total Depreciation and Amortisation 209 474 d. Finance Costs 2017 2016 \$ \$ \$ Unwinding of discount rate on make good provision 14 10		Auditor's remuneration	-	
Contracted labour 2,549 1,880 7,232 6,296 c. Depreciation and Amortisation Expense 2017 2016 \$ \$ Depreciation \$ \$ Motor vehicles 9 1 Furniture and fittings - 1 Office Equipment 8 2 Amortisation 17 4 Leasehold improvement 192 467 Intangible assets - 3 192 470 Total Depreciation and Amortisation 209 474 d. Finance Costs 2017 2016 \$ \$ \$ Unwinding of discount rate on make good provision 14 10		Rent and building expenses		
c. Depreciation and Amortisation Expense 2017 2016 \$ \$ \$ Depreciation \$ \$ Motor vehicles 9 1 Furniture and fittings - 1 Office Equipment 8 2 Amortisation 17 4 Leasehold improvement 192 467 Intangible assets - 3 Total Depreciation and Amortisation 209 474 d. Finance Costs 2017 2016 \$ \$ \$ Unwinding of discount rate on make good provision 14 10				
Depreciation Motor vehicles 9 1		-	·	
Depreciation Motor vehicles 9 1 Furniture and fittings - 1 Office Equipment 8 2 Amortisation - 17 4 Leasehold improvement 192 467 Intangible assets - 3 Total Depreciation and Amortisation 209 474 d. Finance Costs 2017 2016 \$ \$ Unwinding of discount rate on make good provision 14 10	c.	Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	2017	2016
Motor vehicles 9 1 Furniture and fittings - 1 Office Equipment 8 2 17 4 Amortisation Value 467 Intangible assets - 3 Intangible assets - 3 Total Depreciation and Amortisation 209 474 d. Finance Costs 2017 2016 \$ \$ Unwinding of discount rate on make good provision 14 10			\$	\$
Furniture and fittings - 1 Office Equipment 8 2 17 4 Amortisation Leasehold improvement 192 467 Intangible assets - 3 Intangible assets 2 192 470 Total Depreciation and Amortisation 209 474 d. Finance Costs 2017 2016 \$ Unwinding of discount rate on make good provision 14 10		Depreciation		
Office Equipment 8 2 Amortisation 17 4 Leasehold improvement 192 467 Intangible assets - 3 Total Depreciation and Amortisation 209 474 d. Finance Costs 2017 2016 Unwinding of discount rate on make good provision 14 10			9	1
17 4		Furniture and fittings	-	1
Amortisation Leasehold improvement 192 467 Intangible assets - 3 192 470 Total Depreciation and Amortisation 209 474 d. Finance Costs 2017 2016 \$ \$ Unwinding of discount rate on make good provision 14 10		Office Equipment	8	2
Leasehold improvement 192 467 Intangible assets - 3 192 470 Total Depreciation and Amortisation 209 474 d. Finance Costs 2017 2016 \$ \$ \$ Unwinding of discount rate on make good provision 14 10		-	17	4
Intangible assets - 3 192 470 Total Depreciation and Amortisation 209 474 d. Finance Costs 2017 2016 \$ Unwinding of discount rate on make good provision 14 10		Amortisation		
Total Depreciation and Amortisation 209 474 d. Finance Costs 2017 2016 \$ \$ Unwinding of discount rate on make good provision 14 10		Leasehold improvement	192	467
Total Depreciation and Amortisation 209 474 d. Finance Costs 2017 2016 \$ \$ Unwinding of discount rate on make good provision 14 10		Intangible assets	-	3
d. Finance Costs 2017 2016 \$ Unwinding of discount rate on make good provision 14 10			192	470
\$ \$ Unwinding of discount rate on make good provision 14 10		Total Depreciation and Amortisation	209	474
Unwinding of discount rate on make good provision 14 10	d.	Finance Costs	2017	2016
			\$	\$
14 10		Unwinding of discount rate on make good provision	14	10
			14	10

2. EXPENSES EXCLUDING LOSSES continued

2.	e.	Other Expenses	2017	2016
			\$	\$
		Subsistence and transport	56	2
		Fees for service	2,051	1,063
		Postage and communication	185	165
		Printing and stationery	134	141
		Equipment and furniture	43	9
		General administration expenses	706	224
		Loss on re-allocation of Fixed assets	37	-
		Loss on re-allocation of Make good provision		1,061
			3,210	2,665

3. EXPENDITURE MANAGED ON BEHALF OF THE COUNCIL THROUGH THE NSW MINISTRY OF HEALTH

The Council's accounts are managed by the NSW Ministry of Health (MOH). Executive and administrative support functions are provided by the HPCA, which is an executive agency of the MOH.

In accordance with an agreed Memorandum of Understanding, salaries and associated oncosts are paid by the MOH. The MOH continues to pay for the staff and associated oncosts. These costs are reimbursed by the Council to the MOH.

4.	(a).I	NTEREST REVENUE	2017	2016
			\$	\$
	Inter	rest revenue from financial assets not at fair value		
	throu	ugh profit or loss	384	422
			384	422
	The	credit interest rate is calculated on daily balances as per	the RBA cash rate.	
		INTEREST RATE	2017	2016
			%	%
		Average Interest Rate	1.52	1.75
	(b).	OTHER REVENUE	2017	2016
			\$	\$
		Profit on re-allocation of Make good asset	-	629
		Other Revenue	60	-
			60	629

5 .	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2017	2016
		\$	\$
	Cash at bank - held by HPCA*	37,943	39,757
		37,943	39,757

^{*}This is cash held by the HPCA, an executive agency of the MOH, on behalf of the Council for its operating activities.

Cash comprises Cash on hand and bank balances within the NSW Treasury Banking System.

6.	RECEIVABLES	2017	2016
		\$	\$
	Prepayments	193	284
	Other receivables	383	314
	Interest receivable	157	149
	Trade receivables	36	2,311
		768	3,058

No trade receivables have been considered for impairment.

The trade receivables include monies that AHPRA has collected from registrants as at 30 June 2017 and has remitted the monies to HPCA in July 2017.

7. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The Council has an interest in plant and equipment used by all health professional Councils. Plant and equipment is not owned individually by the Council. The amounts recognised in the financial statements have been calculated based on the benefits expected to be derived by the Council.

	Leasehold Improvements	Motor Vehicles	Furniture & Fittings	Office Equipment	Total
At 1 July 2016	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Gross carrying amount	661	35	6	10	712
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(467)	(1)	[1]	(2)	(471)
Net carrying amount	194	34	5	8	241
At 30 June 2017					
Gross carrying amount	64	35	-	42	141
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(15)	(10)	-	(8)	(33)
Net carrying amount	49	25	-	34	108

Reconciliation

A reconciliation of the carrying amount of each class of plant and equipment at the beginning and end of the current reporting period is set out below:

Year ended 30 June 2017	Leasehold Improvements	Motor Vehicles	Furniture & Fittings	Office Equipment	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net carrying amount at start of year	194	34	5	8	241
Additions	-	-	-	41	41
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
Other ¹	47	-	(5)	(7)	36
Depreciation	(192)	(9)	-	(8)	(209)
Net carrying amount at end of year	49	25	-	34	109

7. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT continued

	Leasehold Improvements	Motor Vehicles	Furniture & Fittings	Office Equipment	Total
At 1 July 2015	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Gross carrying amount	-	-	-	-	-
Accumulated depreciation and impairment		-	-	-	_
Net carrying amount	-	_	-	-	
At 30 June 2016					
Gross carrying amount	661	35	6	10	712
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(467)	(1)	(1)	(2)	(471)
Net carrying amount	194	34	5	8	241

Reconciliation

A reconciliation of the carrying amount of each class of plant and equipment at the beginning and end of the prior reporting period is set out below:

Year ended 30 June 2016	Leasehold Improvements	Motor Vehicles	Furniture & Fittings	Office Equipment	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net carrying amount at start of year	-	-	-	-	-
Additions	51	35	6	10	103
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
Other ¹	610	-	-	-	610
Depreciation	(467)	(1)	(1)	(2)	(471)
Net carrying amount at end of year	194	34	5	8	241

1. Other includes:

a. Adjustments for write off of fixed assets under \$5,000.

b. Adjustments to carrying value of make good asset/liability in accordance with AASB 137.

8. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The Council has an interest in intangible assets used by all health professional Councils. The assets are not owned individually by the Council. The amounts recognised in the financial statements have been calculated based on the benefits expected to be derived by the Council.

At 1 July 2016	Software W.I.P	Software	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Cost (gross carrying amount)	-	10	10
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	-	(3)	(3)
Net carrying amount		7	7
At 30 June 2017			
Cost (gross carrying amount)	-	-	-
Accumulated amortisation and impairment		-	-
Net carrying amount		-	-
Year ended 30 June 2017	Software W.I.P	Software	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Net carrying amount at start of year	-	7	7
Additions	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-
Transfer	-	-	-
Other ¹	-	(7)	(7)
Amortisation		-	
Net carrying amount at end of year			
At 1 July 2015	Software W.I.P	Software	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Cost (gross carrying amount)	-	-	-
Accumulated amortisation and impairment		-	_
Net carrying amount		<u>-</u>	
At 30 June 2016			
Cost (gross carrying amount)	-	10	10
Accumulated amortisation and impairment		(3)	(3)
Net carrying amount		7	7

8. **INTANGIBLE ASSETS** continued

	Year Ended 30 June 2016	Software W.I.P	Software	Total
		\$	\$	\$
	Net carrying amount at start of year	-	-	-
	Additions	-	-	-
	Transfer	-	-	-
	Other ¹	-	10	10
	Amortisation	-	(3)	(3)
	Net carrying amount at end of year	-	7	7
	1. Other includes:			
	a. Adjustment for write off of intangible assets costing less than \$5,000.			
9.	PAYABLES		2017	2016
			\$	\$
	Personnel services - Ministry of Health		1,552	3,035
	Trade and other payables		2,927	9,684
		_	4,479	12,719
10.	FEES IN ADVANCE		2017	2016
			\$	\$
	Current			
	Registration fees in advance		1,865	999
			1,865	999

Registration fees in advance is the unearned revenue from NSW Regulatory Fees received on behalf of the Council by the HPCA from the AHPRA.

11.	PROVISIONS	2017	2016
		\$	\$
	Current		
	Make good	-	1,051
		-	1,051
	Non-Current		
	Make good	1,134	-
		1,134	-

Movement in provisions (other than personnel services)

Movements in each class of provision during the financial year, other than personnel services, are set out below:

Make good	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Carrying amount at the beginning of financial year	1,051	-
Increase/(Decrease) in provisions recognised due to re-allocation of opening balances at beginning of year	-	1,061
Increase/(Decrease) in provisions recognised	70	(20)
Unwinding/change in discount rate	14	10
Carrying amount at the end of financial year	1,134	1,051

The HPCA on behalf of Councils recognised a lease make good provision on entering into lease arrangements for Level 6, 477 Pitt Street . The provision was first included in the financial statements for 30 June 2016 and was based on a market based estimate of the cost per square metre to make good the areas of the Pitt Street building that the HPCA occupies at the end of the lease.

The HPCA on behalf of the Councils has entered into a new lease agreement for five years for the Pitt Street leased property effective from 1 December 2016. As required under paragraph 59 of AASB 137, provision for make good for the leased property has been adjusted accordingly to reflect the expected make good liability at the end of the lease.

As opposed to last financial year, the current make good provision has not been adjusted using the discounted present value method because the difference between the future value of the provision and the present value has been accepted as immaterial.

The lease arrangements for the Pitt Street building will expire in November 2021.

12.	COMMITMENTS FOR EXPENDITURE	2017	2016
		\$	\$
	a. Capital Commitments		
	Capital commitments contracted as at 30 June 2017		
	Not later than one year	58	-
	Later than one year and not later than five years	-	-
	Total (including GST)	58	-
	Operating Lease Commitments		
	Future non-cancellable operating lease rentals not provided for an	d payable:	
	Not later than one year	2,163	343
	Later than one year and not later than five years	8,140	-
	Total (including GST)	10,303	343

13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the financial year, the Council obtained key management personnel services from the Ministry of Health.

14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

There are no material contingent assets or liabilities as at 30 June 2017.

15. RECONCILIATION OF NET RESULT TO CASH FLOWS FROM

OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Net Result	3,045	4,291
Depreciation and amortisation	209	474
(Increase)/Decrease in receivables	2,290	(2,540)
Increase/(Decrease) in fees in advance	865	(105)
Increase/(Decrease) in payables	(8,240)	8,457
Increase/(Decrease) in provisions	14	442
Write off of non-current assets	37	
Net cash used on operating activities	(1,779)	11,019

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Council's principal financial instruments are outlined below. These financial instruments arise directly from the entity's operations or are required to finance the Council's operations. The Council's main risks arising from financial instruments are outlined below, together with the Council's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk. Further quantitative and qualitative disclosures are included throughout the financial statements.

The Council has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of risk management and reviews and agrees on policies for managing each of these risks.

a. Financial Instrument Categories

Class	Notes	Category	Carrying Amount	Carrying Amount
			2017	2016
			\$	\$
Financial Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	5	N/A	37,943	39,757
Receivables ¹	6	Receivables (measured at amortised cost)	193	2,460
Financial Liabilities				
Payables ²	9	Financial liabilities (measured at amortised cost)	4,479	12,719

Notes:

- 1. Excludes statutory receivables and prepayments (i.e. not within scope of AASB 7).
- 2. Excludes statutory payables and unearned revenue (i.e. not within scope of AASB 7).
- 3. There are no financial instruments accounted for at fair value.

b. Credit Risk

Credit risk arises when there is the possibility of the Council's debtors defaulting on their contractual obligations, resulting in a financial loss to the Council. The maximum exposure to credit risk is generally represented by the carrying amount of the financial assets (net of any allowance for impairment).

Credit risk arises from the financial assets of the Council, including cash, and receivables. No collateral is held by the Council. The Council has not granted any financial guarantees.

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS continued

Cash

Cash comprises cash on hand and bank balances held by the Council and the HPCA on behalf of the Council. Interest is earned on the daily bank balances.

Receivables - Trade Debtors

All trade debtors are recognised as amounts receivable at balance sheet date. Collectability of trade debtors is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off. An allowance for impairment is raised when there is objective evidence that the entity will not be able to collect all amounts due. This evidence includes past experience, and current and expected changes in economic conditions and debtor credit ratings. No interest is earned on trade debtors. The Council is materially exposed to concentrations of credit risk to a single trade debtor or group of debtors. This is somewhat mitigated by an agreed Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) between HPCA and AHPRA on behalf of the Councils and payment of debt in a timely manner.

Analysis of Trade Debtors Overdue

		TotalP	Total Past due but not im- paired	
	2017	\$	\$	\$
< 3 months overdue		-	-	-
3-6 months overdue		-	-	-
> 6 months overdue		-	-	-
	2016			
< 3 months overdue		-	-	-
3-6 months overdue		-	-	-
> 6 months overdue		-	-	-

Notes:

- 1. Each column in the table represents the 'gross receivables'.
- 2. The ageing analysis excludes statutory receivables that are not past due and not impaired.

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS continued

c. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Council will be unable to meet its payment obligations when they fall due. The HPCA on behalf of the Council continuously manages risk through monitoring future cash flows and maturities planning to ensure adequate holding of high quality liquid assets.

The liabilities are recognised for amounts due to be paid in the future for goods or services received, whether or not invoiced. Amounts owing to suppliers (which are unsecured) are settled in accordance with the policy set out in NSW TC 11/12. If trade terms are not specified, payment is made no later than the end of the month following the month in which an invoice or a statement is received. NSW TC 11/12 allows the Council to award interest for late payment.

All payables are current and will not attract interest payments.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of The Council's financial liabilities together with the interest rate exposure.

	Interest Rat	e Exposure	Mat	Maturity Dates	
		Non-inter- est bearing	< 1 yr	1-5 yrs	> 5 yrs
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	2017				
Payables:					
Trade and other payables	2,927	2,927	2,927	-	-
Fees in advance:					
Registration fees in advance	1,865	1,865	1,865	-	-
	4,792	4,792	4,792	-	-
	2016				
Payables:					
Trade and other payables	9,684	9,684	9,684	-	-
Fees in advance:					
Registration fees in advance	999	999	999	-	-
	10,683	10,683	10,683	_	

Notes:

^{1.} The amounts disclosed are the contractual undiscounted cash flows of each class of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the entity can be required to pay. There is no interest impact on these financial liabilities.

^{2.} Accrued Salaries Wages, On-Costs and Payroll Deductions have been excluded from payables as not within the scope of AASB7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures. Prior year comparatives have been restated as a result.

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS continued

d. Market Risk

The Council does not have exposure to market risk on financial instruments.

e. Interest Rate Risk

The Council has minimal exposure to interest rate risk from its holdings in interest bearing financial assets. In accordance with TC 15-01, the Council transferred all 'at call' cash deposits to the Treasury Banking System on 2 September 2015. These funds are sitting in an interest bearing bank account earning the Reserve Bank of Australia (RBA) Cash Rate. The RBA Cash Rate has changed over the year as follows - June 30 2016 - 1.75% to June 30 2017 - 1.50%.

The Council does not account for any fixed rate financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss or as available-for-sale. Therefore, for these financial instruments, a change of interest rates would not affect net result or equity. A reasonably possible change of +/- 1% is used, consistent with current trends in interest rates (based on official RBA interest rate volatility over the last five years). The basis will be reviewed annually and amended where there is a structural change in the level of interest rate volatility.

The Council's exposure to interest rate risk is set out below.

			-1%	6	+1	%
Financial Assets		Carrying Amount	Net Result	Equity	Net Result	Equity
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	2017					
Cash and Cash Equivalents		37,943	(379)	(379)	379	379
	2016					
Cash and Cash Equivalents		39,757	(398)	(398)	398	398

17. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There are no events after the reporting period to be included in the financial statements as of 30 June 2017.

End of Unaudited financial statements